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## IRAN ON AGENDA Soviet Delegate's Protest Stubborn Fight By M. Gromyko

NEW YORK, MARCH 27.

THE RUSSIAN DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL, ANDREI GROMYKO YESTERDAY DESCRIBED THE IRANIAN ACCUSATIONS AS UNFIT FOR THE COUNCIL'S CONSIDERATION AFTER READING THE LETTER FROM GENERALISSIMO STALIN TO ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT AT MOSCOW, AS EVIDENCE THAT STALIN FULLY BACKS THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE SECURITY COUNCIL.

FOR HIS OPPOSITION TO THE IRANIAN CHARGES, GROMYKO ADVANCED THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

- 1.—The evacuation of the Red forces from Iran began last Sunday under an agreement between Teheran and Moscow.
- 2.—In recent times relations between the Soviet Union and Iran have been aggravated by groups seeking to sow distrust.
- 3.—He declared that some of the arguments advanced by the Iranian Ambassador to the United States, Hussein Ala, were "ill-founded" but said he would not go into them at once because "there is no need" to take the Iranian question before the Council.
- 4.—Reporting that there were no grounds for bringing the subject before the Council as a result of the agreement between the two governments Gromyko argued that the negotiations between Russia and Iran had been under way when Ala brought his complaint.

### Byrnes Objects

Secretary of State, James Byrnes objected to the Russian proposal that the Council should reject Iran's appeal. He said that if an agreement had been reached between the two governments, the Council should have been notified of it before the Council.

"The Iranian government has not withdrawn its complaint," Byrnes reminded. He argued that the adoption of the agenda which would give to the Iranian government the opportunity to present its case should not be set aside and that the United Nations cannot deny any government the opportunity to present its case.

"If there has been any agreement, certainly the Council would want to hear that from the Iranian representative," Byrnes declared. —Associated Press.

### First Round

New York, Mar. 27. The United States and Britain yesterday won the battle to bring the Russo-Iranian case before the United Nations Security Council.

The Council voted 9 to 2 to place the question on the agenda. Russia and Poland opposed the hearing, while China, Australia, Mexico, Egypt, the Netherlands, France and Brazil lined up with the Anglo-Americans.

After he lost the stubborn fight, the Soviet delegate to the Security Council, Andrei Gromyko, immediately proposed the postponement of the Iran case until April 10. Gromyko said he could not attend a meeting of the Security Council at which the merits of Iran's charges would be discussed.

### New Development

New York, Mar. 27. New developments came early this morning when it was disclosed that the Iranian Ambassador, Hussein Ala, "has full authorization from the Iranian Government for the protest which he plans to present to the Security Council."

to-day against the continued Soviet occupation of Northern Iran and interference in the country's internal affairs.

Despite doubts cast upon the Ambassador's authority to speak for his Government by M. Gromyko in the course of yesterday's debate, an Iranian spokesman pointed out that Hussein Ala had frequently been in touch with his government during the last few days and has had no indication that Teheran wishes him to alter or withdraw the protest he had made to the Security Council on the basis of instructions he received on March 16.

Reports reaching here from Teheran to-day confirm that no agreement has been reached between the Soviet and Iranian Governments. —Reuter.

## MEDAL FOR MILKMAN

London, March 27. The British Empire Medal (Civil Division) has been awarded to Nanda, son of an Indian milkman, Matadin of Goolibasti, Tavoy, India, it was announced here to-day.

Napda, who supplied the Tavoy (Japanese) internment camp with milk, in the words of the citation: "did amazing work in taking extra supplies of milk to the sick at great risk to himself."

The citation adds: "On one occasion, when suspected of supplying food and taking news to internees, he was severely beaten, but Nanda would not speak or give away any information. He continued to the very last to take in supplies and milk for the sick and any information he received."

—Reuter.

## National Insurance For De Facto Wife

London, March 27. Britain's National Insurance (Industrial Injuries) Bill will make provision for pensions to de facto wives whose "husbands" are killed in industrial accidents.

## Engagement Rings For Men

New York, March 27. More than 300,000 American men are now wearing engagement rings as a symbol of their approaching marriage.

The Retail Jewellers' Organization has revealed this after a nationwide survey. The New York Daily Mirror states: "Presumably the males are full-bodied and of sound mind."

Unquestionably the females who persuaded them to wear the rings are strong-minded. Jewellers who have an eye to a new avenue of business, predict that this switch in the industry of romance will soon become an established custom.

One jeweller believes that the fashion has become popular because the war sapped male resistance. "Men have been living labelled 'Urems,'" he said. "They have been used to wearing chains, patches, serial numbers and wound stripes. Now they are wearing rings."

## Lease-Lend Agreement Signed

New York, March 27.

An all-embracing nine-point agreement between the United States and Britain for the settling of Lease-Lend surplus property and mutual war claims was signed by the British Ambassador, Lord Halifax, and the United States Assistant Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, to-day.

Implementing in full the provisions of the Anglo-American financial agreement signed last December, the new pact completely wipes out mutual lease indebtedness and hands over to Britain all American Army and Navy surpluses, if Britain provides for their transport.

The 50,000-worn agreement stipulates that all goods and services exchanged by the lease-lend "pipe-line" between the end of Lease-Lend and December 31 last will be set off against each other. Goods exchanged since the end of last year, will be paid for on a cash basis.

Apart from vessels of over 100 tons, non-combatant aircraft and petrol products, the British Government acquires full title to nearly all articles supplied on a straight lease-lend basis and held by the United Kingdom civilian authorities on September 2 last. Britain is held responsible for making arrangements for returning requested by the United States and must obtain the United States' consent for the transfer of stocks to governments outside of Britain and "colonial dependencies."

Britain receives all United States Army and Navy surpluses in Britain, provided it gives the U.N.R.R.A. an opportunity to acquire surpluses at reasonable prices, tries to ensure that the surpluses are not re-exported into the United States and endeavours to avoid discrimination against United States manufacturers.

Britain is not to export any lease-lend weapons of war without United States' consent. —Reuter.

## 'PLANE CRASH

R.A.F. sources confirmed yesterday that all three members of the crew and the single passenger were killed when the "Dakota" plane crashed into West Lantau Peak on Monday morning. No further details were available, pending the receipt of a report from the officer in charge of the search party which was sent from Kai Tak when the plane was spotted from the air late Monday afternoon.

## John Harvey Acquitted

Sergeant John Hugh Harvey, a London born RAMC man, was acquitted on a charge of manslaughter at a British court martial in Winnipeg.

He had been accused of the manslaughter of Private J. H. Friesen, of Winnipeg, who died in a Japanese prison camp at Ooyama in February, 1944.

Harvey faces 29 more charges, including collaboration with the enemy, ill-treatment of fellow-prisoners depriving fellow-prisoners of Red Cross parcels and disobeying an order from a British officer not to strike prisoners.

Harvey was described by his wife at their home in Michael-street, Fulham, as a "kind father and loving husband." He has two sons, aged 10 and 12.

## Tragedy Of Indonesia

London, March 27.

Much more than one-third of the troops in Indonesia under British and Dutch control are Japanese, Mr. J. J. Lawson, Minister of War, disclosed in a letter to Mr. William Gallagher, Communist Member of Parliament, according to the Communist "Daily Worker" to-day.

"There are 54,000 of them and they are armed. The Indonesians fighting for the independence of their country are faced by the same men with the same weapons that they faced when the Japanese invaded their country," the paper declared.

The letter, which was in reply to a question put by Mr. Gallagher on February 19, said: "There are approximately 54,000 Japanese under our control in Indonesia, of whom 50,000 are in Java and Sumatra. In addition, there are 20,000 Japanese soldiers in central Java who are not yet under our control and are reported to have handed over the bulk of their arms to the Indonesians."

"We have British weapons or tanks been supplied to any Japanese troops in the Dutch East Indies," the letter concluded. —Reuter.

## "SUPREMO" IN MELBOURNE

Melbourne, March 27. Thousands of people lined the streets to welcome Lord Louis Mountbatten, Supreme Allied Commander, Southeast Asia Command, on his arrival here to-day.

Lord Louis told the Lord Mayor of Melbourne, Mr. Connolly, that he was in the city at the invitation of former prisoners of war. After being greeted at the airport by Service chiefs, Lord Louis, together with Lady Mountbatten, attended a civic reception and a luncheon at Parliament House.

"Scruff Of His Neck" — Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten to-day met the man who dragged him out of an oil-laden sea when H.M.S. "Kelly" sank in the battle of Crete on May 25, 1941.

At a Servicemen's rally, here, the Admiral and his rescuer, Louis Solomon, a Melbourne to-beaconist, recalled how Mountbatten, in a boat from H.M.S. "Kelly," saved the Admiral from drowning. Mountbatten, who was rescued by the "Kelly," said: "I was afloat for 24 hours before I was rescued. I was afloat for 24 hours before I was rescued. I was afloat for 24 hours before I was rescued."

### CRISIS IN BELGIUM

Brussels, March 27. The secretary of Belgium's Communist party, Jean Tervet, declared yesterday: "If necessary we will ask for the dissolution of the senate and new elections to put an end to the political crisis."

He added that Belgium's Communist party still maintain that "there is only one way out of the present situation, a Left Wing Government."

## LORRY HURTLES OVER CLIFF

Four men were killed outright and ten others injured when, following a collision with a China Light & Power Co. lorry, hurtled off the Castle Peak Road and plunged some 550 feet down to the water's edge shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Some of the injured had to be rescued by junk.

The accident occurred about 15 miles along the Castle Peak Road, near a place called Ching-longtau. The China Light & Power Co. lorry, a Dodge "tipper" full of workmen, collided with an U.N.R.R.A. lorry heavily laden with vegetables. Before the driver of the former could regain control, his vehicle had shot off the road and over the cliff, which at this point is almost sheer.

The lorry fell and rolled some 50 feet before it came to rest, completely wrecked. Four of the men in it were dead, and another ten lay groaning amid the wreckage on the hillside.

Two ambulances were rushed to the spot from Kowloon and a motor junk was also sent to save the more seriously injured from being manhandled up the cliff to the Castle Peak Road. These, after first aid treatment, had a long journey before them, for they were brought across the harbour to the Queen Mary Hospital. The others were taken by ambulance to the Kowloon Hospital.

Although no one was seriously hurt in the U.N.R.R.A. lorry, it was badly damaged and blocking the road. A working party, under Corporal Ferns, R.A.F., and a wrecking crew, were sent from Pingshan airfield and after some difficulty the lorry was moved out of the way.

One of the R.A.F. men told the "China Mail" that it was a wonder anyone came out alive from the lorry that went over the cliff. It was totally wrecked and blood was spattered all over the cliff and roadway.

### STRIKE OVER

Manila, March 27. Mayor Juan Nolasco to-day announced settlement of the strike of 3,000 municipal employees which had halted marriages, burials and garbage collections here for four days.

The workers had demanded a 100 per cent boost in salaries of 175 pesos monthly, but they finally settled for an all around 75 per cent increase. —Associated Press.

## What Two Did With Their Gratuities

London, March 27. Two young men just demobilised from the army have proved that the spirit of adventure is still alive.

The men, Frank Griffin and Ernest Scott bought a pony and cart with their gratuities, rented a shed which they converted into a stable, filled the cart with vegetables and on Saturday started out to sell their wares on round.

But first to comply with what they thought was a more formal and wishing to be quite polite, they called at the Ealing Town Hall and asked for a street trader's licence. To their dismay they were told that this could not be done off hand, that there were formalities to be complied with and forms to be filled up and the matter would have to go before the Food Control Committee.

Griffin exclaimed to Scott: "Blimey, it looks as if we have had it. They explained that they knew nothing about laws and regulations and used tape. They just took it that two fellows who had fought for England and wanted to earn a honest living were free to do so."

However, they put the pony and cart back in the stable and waited for the meeting of the Food Control Committee to-day.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 27. WHETHER OR NOT ATOMIC BOMB SECRETS ARE INVOLVED IN THE PORTLAND, OREGON, ARREST OF SOVIET NAVAL LIEUTENANT, NIKOLAI GREGOROVICH RADIN, 29 YEARS OLD, ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE, REMAINS A MYSTERY, BUT THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES, GAVE A BROAD HINT THAT THEY MIGHT BE. COMMITTEE COUNSEL ERNEST ABAMSON SAID THAT THE GROUP, HEADED BY CONGRESSMAN JOHN S. WOOD, DEMOCRAT OF GEORGIA, HAS CLOSED THE DOOR ON THE MEETING SCHEDULED FOR TO-DAY, AND ADDED: "I ASSUME THAT AFTER THE MEETING THE CHAIRMAN WILL HAVE SOMETHING TO TELL US ABOUT THE ARREST."

## Burglars Shoot To Kill

Glasgow, March 27.

Former detective sergeant Straiton, age 61, of the Glasgow Police, was shot dead last night by two burglars (each carrying two revolvers) who shot their way out of a house in which they had been surprised by Straiton and James Deaken, the householder.

Deaken, returning home, saw a light upstairs, found the door key would not turn and obtained Straiton's assistance.

When they got the front door open two men rushed downstairs, fired at Deaken, whom they missed, and then at Straiton, who was hit in the body and died almost immediately at the garden gate. The men escaped along the back streets. Their descriptions have been circulated to all police in Western Scotland. —Reuter.

## Subs. "Seen" Again

Batavia, March 27.

An authoritative statement from Batavia to-day spoke of two submarines flying the Russian flag, having been sighted off Tilapien, on the south coast of Java.

The man who saw them was said to have added that the submarines carried Japanese or Indonesian crews. He thought that the flag was being used as propaganda to suggest that the Soviet Union was backing the Indonesian freedom movement. This story may explain the report of Russian submarines in Java. —Reuter.

Frankfurt, March 27. Military police here said that a gang of German youths had assassinated a 20-year-old American army corporal who was known to have been fraternizing with a German girl, and also killed another soldier near the border of Russian occupied Germany.

American investigators said that no arrest has been made in either case. —Associated Press.

## EMASCULATED

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USSR, "Yellowstone" was not announced. The charge accused the young officer of obtaining information about the "Yellowstone" for the use and advantage of a foreign nation, to wit, the U.S.S.R., and had induced, attempted to obtain plans and documents and writings relating to a warship of the United States Navy.

The United States Naval Officer at San Francisco said the "Yellowstone" arrived at San Diego on February 11 for refitting and was scheduled to be ready for the sea by March 10 to take part in the Bikini Atoll atom bomb test. Radin is alleged to have been active socially in Seattle among other Russians, but little is known to Americans there about him. His wife told Seattle reporters that she knew nothing about the charges and later refused to talk to newspapermen. The couple have an infant daughter.

Radin's Seattle headquarters was only 200 miles from the Eastern Washington Hanford (Continued on Page 6)

### THE WEATHER

To-day's forecast: Fair to cloudy at first, becoming fair. Light easterly winds. Yesterday's temperature, etc.: Maximum: 79.55 degrees at 2 p.m. Minimum: 59 degrees at 8 a.m. Rainfall: Nil. Sunshine: 11 hours.



# CHINA MAIL

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## Security Session

Mr. Byrnes' frank speech in welcoming to America the Security Council of the United Nations follows most usefully upon the Stalin interview reaffirming Russia's wholehearted support of the San Francisco Charter. For while Stalin did little more than express the sincerity of the Soviet Union's intentions, Mr. Byrnes was at pains to stress that peace and security has its obligations, one of them being that all nations, large and small, shall refrain from the use of force or threat of force except in the defence of law. It was emphatic language, about which it is impossible not to feel satisfaction, for if the principles of the Charter are not to be respected at this stage, and if the United Nations are to be thus early discredited, the highest levels, then a return to the policy of balance of power is as inevitable as is, at the same time, not too late. Mr. Byrnes drew a parallel between the rather painful birth-pangs of U.N.O. and the dark days of trial of the American Union. He expressed the hope and belief that the organization would also survive its crises and grow steadily stronger. In that hope all will share. Its fulfilment, however, depends upon more than eloquent speeches and readiness to subscribe to lofty ideals. U.N.O. begins with a good enough foundation. It has a tremendous advantage over the League of Nations in that both the United States and the Soviet Union are founder members. There are other improvements in structure. The Security Council, which has now commenced to function continuously in America, provides what, honestly handled, should be effective mechanism for dealing with aggressors. Hitler's attempt to conquer the world was based less on his faith in Germany's strength as on his knowledge of the unpreparedness of Britain and France and of the isolationism of Russia and the United States. Now, if the members of the Security Council live up to their undertakings and commitments, there is no reason why an effective rule should not be established which would be respected in all countries of the world. Though there may be still special occasions calling for meetings of the Big Three or the Big Five, it is very much to be hoped that such discussions in the future can be conducted largely through the United Nations' Organisation. If it is to be an effective organisation it must discuss the most burning topics in open session. It would stultify the whole conception of U.N.O. and rob it of all moral authority if vital issues were to be settled elsewhere, with its delegates left merely to discuss routine, academic matters. The way to make a success of it, and Mr. Stalin has given new encouragement in his Moscow interview, is by giving it responsibility, with the Big Five showing that they have respect for its authority. To say this is to be reminded at once of the veto power of the Big Five. If this is exercised by any of them in a selfish way, then U.N.O. will be strangled at birth. On the other hand, if the opinion of the majority is generally accepted, even when direct interests may seem to be adversely affected, they will not only make a success of things, but increase their own authority and prestige among the countries of the world.

The Maharajah of Jaipur last evening attended a Chinese dinner at the King Fu Restaurant. The Maharajah was accompanied by his personal staff and the personal staff of the C-in-C, Hong Kong.

# HOMEWARD BOUND

## R.A.F. Unit Which Cleaned Up Kowloon Area Disarmed 18,000 Japanese

SOME 1,000 PERSONNEL OF 5358 AIRFIELD CONSTRUCTION WING, THE ROYAL AIR FORCE UNIT THAT TOOK OVER AND CLEANED UP KOWLOON AFTER THE SUDDEN CAPITULATION OF JAPAN, DISARMING SOME 18,000 OF THE ENEMY, ARE DUE TO LEAVE WITHIN THE WEEK FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM ON DEMOBILISATION OR RE-ASSIGNMENT TO REHABILITATION TASKS AT HOME.

The Wing, which comprised 90 per cent of "Shield" Force, was at sea bound for Okinawa and ultimately the Japanese mainland, with airfield construction as its primary objective on the invasion route to Tokyo, when news was suddenly received of the Japanese surrender.

At the time "Shield" Force was the largest body of troops nearest to Hong Kong and the Kowloon peninsula and was re-directed here.

In its first months in Kowloon, 5358 Wing was faced with a cleaning-up job that involved many a task far removed from its specialty of airfield construction. This included the maintenance of electric power, the servicing of all available transport, overhaul of an engine and rolling stock and an initial survey of the condition of the Kowloon-Canton railway line and a complete road survey of all roads in the New Territories.

When, en route to Okinawa in the troopship, the Empress of Australia, "Shield" Force received signal instructions to proceed to Hong Kong and take over the Kowloon Peninsula, reports as to conditions in Kowloon were vague.

### Arrival in Empress

The Empress of Australia berthed at Kowloon Wharf on the morning of Sept. 4, 1945. A brief picture of the situation ashore was given to the officers and men and, by 3 p.m., 5358 Wing Headquarters and 5025 Airfield Construction Squadron, totalling some 650 personnel, were disembarking in full marching order.

Before three hours had elapsed, temporary billets had been found, and 5025 Squadron were establishing their first pickets and guards. At dawn on the following day, 5024 Squadron began disembarking, and later in the day 5026 Squadron followed. The remaining Squadron, No. 5207, came ashore the next day.

The total force comprised some 2,600 personnel. Each squadron was made responsible for an area of the peninsula. Their first move was to take over from the Japanese strategic points, including district police stations. Law and order had to be maintained, and the difficult task undertaken of the suppression of looting.

### The First 36 Hours

The first 36 hours ashore taxed the resources of the Wing to the utmost, but the airmen, faced with a task entirely new to them, responding nobly and quickly, soon had the situation in hand. Billets had to be fixed, in most cases, in stripped buildings, but strategic points were held and hastily summoned parties quelled innumerable outbreaks of looting by day and night. Japanese, in small and large numbers were rounded up and disarmed and altogether, it is estimated, some 2,600 personnel, dealt with 18,000 of the enemy.

The disarming of the Japanese completed, the difficulties of the task yet ahead became all too apparent. Transport did not exist; electric power was unreliable and the supply limited; the streets were littered and stank with accumulated rubbish and filth. Something had to be done to begin the work of restoration, and, at a time when the resources of personnel were strained to the utmost, tradesmen and others, who could be ill-spared from their initial tasks, were allocated to the first vital jobs of cleaning the main thoroughfares.

ning as smoothly as was possible under the circumstances.

### Power Stations

Electric power was an obvious priority. A blackout of the Peninsula would undoubtedly then have meant wholesale looting and worse. A review of the power situation revealed the immensity of the problem, but the Commander-in-Chief had ordered that the supply be maintained at all costs, and work was begun by personnel of 53 E. U. (P) and 5761 M. & E. Flight.

The primary difficulty was lack of fuel. Owing to the lack of coal, the Japanese had converted two boilers to wood-burning, and their capacity was some 240 tons a day. Only one generator out of six was working, and that had little or no maintenance in more than 34 years' working. Of the wood fuel required, 60 per cent came by lighter from Hong Kong, but the remaining 40 per cent had to be carried painfully, slowly by coolie labour using hand-trucks, from mainland dumps.

A further contingency that had to be reckoned with was that it was then the typhoon season, and a typhoon, or even a strong gale, could easily stop the lighter supply from Hong Kong. It was imperative, therefore, to establish a safe supply of wood until such times as coal became available. Pressing forward with the search for wood, a reconnaissance party in a commissioned engine of the Kowloon-Canton Railway penetrated into the New Territories, then still occupied by armed Japanese. Fortunately, the enemy were quiescent, and large stocks of wood were discovered at Taiipo and Fanling, 20 and 15 miles out.

### High Speed

A fuel supply was thus assured and power maintained, but the margin was so close that on one occasion of closing down completely. Concurrently with this effort work was going on at high speed in the power house to repair the ravages of long illness and lack of care. The four generating sets that the Japanese had left were overhauled and repaired. While this work was in progress, the conversion of two side boilers from wood to coal was under way, it being known that a collier was outward bound from Australia for Hong Kong.

The state of distribution lines was chaotic as a result of Japanese interference, and the re-establishment of transmission lines another task undertaken. To cope with failures and faults at any time, a flying squad of M. & E. Flight personnel was established.

When the Wing came ashore transport of any kind in Kowloon was negligible. An immediate sweep was made through out the Peninsula to collect all vehicles, whether serviceable or not. Woman service was done in putting into and keeping in commission civilian vehicles driven to a standstill by the Japanese. Preparations for service on the Wing's own motor transport and plant, which had been 80 per cent water-logged for a month, were in progress. By Sept. 10, 80, 894 vehicles, and 80 per cent of the plant was made available for use. The transport proved invaluable for not only were the needs of the Wing and other formations catered for in part, but assistance was given to the Civil Administration in such matters as rice distribution and the clearance of the 8th and 9th from the streets.

### Railway Restored

The Wing was responsible also for the overhaul of an engine and rolling stock and a preliminary survey of the condition of the Kowloon-Canton railway line. A small repair job was carried out, and a regular daily service was instituted. The last only task remaining to be completed by the Wing was the repair of the main line between the Kowloon and the New Territories. When the main line was repaired, the Kowloon-Canton railway would be able to carry a full passenger and goods service, and the Wing's task would be complete.

## Cannibalism

Chungking, March 27. The Central News Agency reported to-day that more than 10,000 inhabitants of Yungling, in Hopei province, died of starvation since Communist forces blockaded the town six months ago. It is held that survivors were resorting to cannibalism as they were reduced to starvation in the critical emergency. —Associated Press.

railway workshops serviced originally two engines and 18 trucks. A detachment of 5024 Squadron was rushed from the troopship to Kai Tak on Sept. 5. There they found the buildings in a shocking state. Electric light and sanitary fittings had been wrecked and the sewage system was a mess. In some of the buildings sewage was actually flowing on the floors. Personnel worked with a will and within three days the field was again operational. A detachment of 4837 Flight undertook the hazardous task of clearing the bomb dumps and magazines of Japanese bombs, pyrotechnics, fuses and ammunition.

### R.A.F. Hospital

Another top-line job on landing was to prepare suitable facilities for hospital and medical services. The Central British School was selected as the site for the establishment of 80 Mobile Field Hospital. The building was vermin-infested, there was the usual story of water supply, and sanitary and domestic fittings and alterations, man-sized job (and the building) detached to make the place habitable. The work was well done and in three days 80 M.F.H. were able to take in patients and offer hospital services.

A score of other tasks essential to the well-being of the Peninsula were undertaken at times and the drain on personnel permitted. A complete road survey was made of all roads in the New Territories, and arrangements were made for removal by bus and truck of the Japanese were still in control in the New Territories. The preliminary survey was also made for the proposed Ping Shan Airfield project, the four members of the surveying party being sent to Ping Shan to penetrate into the Ping Shan area since the Japanese occupation. Many problems were presented by the works services called for. The biggest was the lack of tradesmen's tools in the earlier days due to the fact that the tools were called for before the results of the clearing had been secured from the freight ships. Tradesmen found themselves, in consequence, working with antiquated Chinese tools, discarded enemy equipment, and even pen-knives.

### Ping Shan Airfield

With the greater part of their task accomplished in the Peninsula, the Wing commenced on preparatory work for the laying of the Ping Shan Airfield. Initial preparations have now been completed and access roads and a connecting light railway built to the quarry that is now producing 15,000 tons of broken granite monthly.

The Wing has also been working at Kai Tak, where a new concrete hard standing and erecting a hatted camp. Since the end of December, it has started training Chinese for skilled tasks in construction work. To date, 200 plant operators have completed a course, 270 fitters have gone through the R.A.F. fitters' course, and 140 fitters through a Diesel-conversion course.

A job recently completed was the rebuilding for heavier motor traffic of the 10-mile road from Tuen Wan to Tai Po, then Peak. A job yet to be completed is the clearing of the hill outcrop at Taiwan-shan in the Ping Shan Valley where 200,000 tons of rock are to be cleared away by blasting.

Since its arrival in September, the strength of the Wing has increased, has fallen to about 1,500. With nearly 1,000 spilling within the week and a transfer of some 200 to other units, 5358 Wing is to continue with its strength reduced to about 350.

## EUROPEAN GREASER SENT TO GAOL

John Doherty, donkey greaser of the M.V. Loma Nova, was found guilty by Mr. W.H. Latimer yesterday of the larceny of 36 pounds of butter and sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment without the option of paying a fine.

Inspector Askew who conducted the prosecution told the Court that on the morning of Mar. 23, the butter belonged to the Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Co. Mr. Latimer said that it was people like the accused who supply goods to the local population to sell and that this had caused great trouble.

### "ASH BUNS" STOLEN

For the theft of eight packets of "Ash Buns" from the Royal Naval Dockyard Dental Surgeon Office, Luk Wan was sentenced to four weeks' hard labour by Mr. Latimer yesterday. The accused was arrested when he was found in possession of the "Ash Buns" during a routine search at the gate of the Dockyard on the morning of Tuesday, March 26. The accused was a Chinese, 35 years of age, and was employed as a labourer in the Dockyard. He was arrested on the morning of Tuesday, March 26, and was found in possession of the "Ash Buns" during a routine search at the gate of the Dockyard. He was arrested on the morning of Tuesday, March 26, and was found in possession of the "Ash Buns" during a routine search at the gate of the Dockyard.

## DO YOU KNOW ANYTHING?

The War Crimes Investigation Unit, Room 305, Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Building, would be grateful for any information forthcoming regarding the torture and execution of four Canadian Prisoners-of-War.

The men, Payne, Borzenski, Adams and Ellis, were recaptured after escape from North Point Camp about July or August 1943.

These four Canadians are known to have been interrogated under torture after their recapture, probably in the Kowloon Magistracy, and certain other civilian prisoners are believed to have been under interrogation at the same time and place.

Information is to the effect that a Chinese named Huey, believed still residing in Nathan Road, Kowloon, and a Chinese Doctor whose name is given as Koe witnessed part of the torture.

Should any residents have information regarding above, please communicate with War Crimes Investigation Unit at Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Building Room 305, Telephone No. 92833 or Victoria Barracks, Telephone No. 34048.

## Money Mart

Chinese national currency further strengthened yesterday and the close there were buyers of futures at HK\$2.35 to CN\$1,000 and for spot at \$2.40.

Gold also appreciated slightly and closed with buyers at \$390 per tael. U.S. dollars held buyers at \$4.40 for big lots and \$4.30 for small. English Sterling and Australian pounds were unchanged at \$16.70 and \$12.50 respectively.

### FALSE PRETENCES

Charged before Mr. W. H. Latimer yesterday with obtaining \$20 from Chau Kwan by false pretences, Hon Siu, lorry-driver, was discharged.

The complainant told the court that on Mar. 12, he came to the defendant, who accused that he was a "donkey greaser" and offered him a job. The defendant told the court that he was a "donkey greaser" and offered him a job. The defendant told the court that he was a "donkey greaser" and offered him a job.

Mr. U. V. Ribeiro of the China Light & Power testified that he received an application for a new meter and on inspecting the premises of No. 264, Tai Nam Street, found that the wire was connected directly to the main supply. Inspector Byrne told the court that on inspecting the premises, he found that the wire was connected directly to the main supply. Inspector Byrne told the court that on inspecting the premises, he found that the wire was connected directly to the main supply.

### LECTURE AT THE CATHOLIC CENTRE

A lecture will be given at 5.30 this evening at the Catholic Centre by Commander H. B. Eagle, R.N.R., entitled "Operation 'Pluto'". It is the story of the laying of the pipeline from England to France for the "D Day" invasion of Normandy. Commander Eagle was in charge of this operation.

S.S. Strathmore is due from Japan on Saturday morning, and is expected to leave on or about Friday, April 5 for England.

## WIDOW OF B.A.A.G. MAN TELLS OF FRAUD

THE SOBBING YOUNG WIDOW OF A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH ARMY AID GROUP TESTIFIED BEFORE THE GENERAL MILITARY COURT YESTERDAY HOW SHE WAS ALLEGEDLY FRAUDEED OF THE SUM OF \$9,500 DUE HER AS COMPENSATION FOR THE DEATH OF HER HUSBAND WHO DIED AS THE RESULT OF JAPANESE TORTURES IN PRISON.

The widow, Chan Yim-ling, was the principal witness for the prosecution in the case in which Wong Wing Tim, alias Thomas-Tim Wong, formerly of the B.A.A.G., is charged with having, on or about Nov. 29, aided and abetted, counselled or procured a female not-in-custody to-day, to falsely and deceitfully personate Chan Yim-ling, widow of Lam Kwok-yiu, with intent fraudulently to obtain a sum due and payable to the said Chan Yim-ling.

Members of the Court were Mr. Leo d'Almada (President), Major H. D. S. Page and Capt. G. E. C. Edwards. Mr. F. X. d'Almada, Crown Prosecutor, conducted the case for the prosecution. Mr. M. A. Silva appeared for the defence.

At the commencement of the trial the prosecution made an application to amend the original charge on which accused was committed for trial.

The application was opposed by Mr. Silva. Defence Counsel said that he was only given notice of the intended amendment just before coming to Court. Mr. Silva added that one fully appreciated that the public prosecutor "is a very busy man and one should, in the circumstances, overlook it if it were merely a technical matter."

### Counsel's Warning

Mr. Silva contended that the Court had no power to make the amendment, and went on to quote authorities in support.

Counsel said that the ordinary procedure in criminal proceedings would have been avoided, if the prosecution was allowed to bring, in the first instance, a charge on which accused is committed for trial and then substituting a totally different charge when the accused came up for trial. Therefore, in effect, accused faced a new charge on which there had been no committal proceedings at all.

He submitted that it would be a different matter if the amendment asked for was not different in substance to the original charge. Counsel pointed out that the original charge, obtaining money by false pretences, was one of misfeasance while the present charge was a felony.

He warned that if the Court allowed the amendment it would be allowing a new procedure and establishing a new precedent whereby an accused is brought on a holding charge for committal proceedings and then a totally different charge is substituted. Counsel suggested that the amendment, if it was to be more embarrassing to the defence than to the prosecution, it was to be compelling to continue on the original charge.

In the Summary Court, Mr. Silva said, the presiding magistrate found enough evidence on which to commit accused for trial on the original charge, and submitted that the prosecution should continue on the original charge in the present trial.

### Application Granted

Replying, Mr. F. X. d'Almada said that the scope of the Ordinance was sufficiently wide enough to cover the present case. He said the prosecution did not propose to adduce new evidence but would depend entirely on the evidence adduced before the lower court.

Under Rule 44, the Prosecutor pointed out, a charge may be withdrawn at the conclusion of the prosecution's case and a new charge substituted.

Granting the application, Mr. Leo d'Almada said that the Court held that Rule 33 gave the necessary powers for the amendment and that Rule 44 seemed to fortify that view.

Outlining the case, Mr. F. X. d'Almada said that the defendant stood upon a charge of misleading Major H. C. Cooper to pay a certain sum to a person other than Chan Yim-ling, widow of Lam Kwok-yiu, who was entitled to this money.

The prosecution, said Mr. d'Almada, would adduce evidence to show how that the accused absconded after the re-occupation of the Colony and that accused informed her that there was a sum of money due to her husband who was a member of the B.A.A.G.

On or about Nov. 20, 1945, accused brought to Major, Cooper's office certain documents of deceased members of the B.A.A.G. and knew them as the name of Chan Yim-ling. Major Cooper then paid a sum of money to this woman who attended his office.

### Major Cooper's Evidence

The real widow of Lam Kwok-yiu, who was the compensation claimant, was contacted and accused told her there was a sum of money due her. Sometime in December, accused called at the widow's

## VICTORY PARADE AND HONG KONG

The Hong Kong contingent which is to represent this Colony in the Victory Parade at Home has been warned to stand by. Tentative plans call for a party consisting of three officers and 15 other ranks from the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, and they have been notified that they will be sailing by either the "Strathmore" or "Bonaventure" leaving about Monday or Tuesday next.

home and handed over to her \$2,500.

Major R. C. Cooper (Rajputana Rifles), commanding officer of the B.A.A.G. in Hong Kong up to Dec. 8, 1945, said on arrival in the Colony he gave accused, who was a member of the B.A.A.G., orders to contact dependent of certain deceased members. The reason for the instructions was because certain sums of money were due them by way of compensation. Lam Kwok-yiu was one of the cases brought by accused.

On or about Nov. 29 he was informed by accused that certain dependents of deceased members were waiting outside his office. As one finished with one case he would ask the interpreter to bring in the next and in this manner he paid \$9,500 to a woman who came to him, alias as the widow of Lam Kwok-yiu.

Sometime towards the end of January or February the widow of Lam came to his office and as the result of this interview the accused was charged.

In answer to the Court Major Cooper said he had no means of telling whether the second woman was the same as the first.

### Widow Testifies

Cross-examined, witness said he could not recollect whether accused did brooch the subject of compensation to him. Witness admitted that accused, who seemed directly under him in the East River area at Waihow and Kwai-yung, had been efficient in his work. Witness also found him a person of integrity.

Chan Yim-ling then went to the witness box, and sobbingly told her story. She said her husband died on Mar. 31, 1945. Her husband was arrested by Chai Kwok-leung.

She went to see accused at No. 35, Salisbury Road about a month after the re-occupation. Wong asked her all about her husband and then told her that she would be rewarded by Government. Subsequently, she had two other interviews with accused at the last of which she was informed, by accused that money had been received from London.

She was asked by accused to furnish guarantee. She got her father to act as guarantor and accused handed her \$2,500, saying that the money was a gratuity from the B.A.A.G. to her husband.

In reply to a question from defending counsel witness said she had not been warned by the prosecuting officer not to interfere with defence witnesses. Chan admitted she did not report the matter to the police but denied that, in the interim period, she was contemplating extracting money from accused.

### "Ask Your Conscience"

To a further suggestion that she had threatened accused in order to get money from him, Chan, bursting into renewed tears, said: "You can ask your conscience. How can you say I threaten you?"

Mr. Silva: Did you make this statement to accused: "You are one of the bunch of scoundrels in the B.A.A.G. who are responsible for the arrest of my uncle in Waihow"? (Counsel asked accused to write the name on a piece of paper. Handing this to a member of the Court Counsel said he did not wish to have the name divulged.)

Chan denied the statement and said that the man referred to was only a friend of her father.

Following further corroborative evidence by Chan Chiu-poo, father of the widow, further hearing was adjourned to Friday morning.

### STOLE CLOTHING

Leung Kam-wan, charged with larceny of clothing from the Post Office, was sentenced to four weeks' hard labour by Mr. C. Y. Kwan at the Summary Court yesterday. Accused was arrested when he tried to sell the clothing at Queen's Road West near Hollywood Road about 9 a.m. on Tuesday.



## Russians Already Leaving

Karaj, Persia, Mar. 27.—Although the British Embassy in Tehran has not been officially informed by the Persian Government or the Soviet Embassy, the evacuation of Russian troops from Persia has already started in several areas of North Persia.

A train is expected to-night to evacuate Russian troops, and it is already packed for the journey.

Russian officials are waiting at the railway station. They say that even when they left last night taking away Russian equipment.

Travelers who have arrived in Tehran by road from Baghdad, via Kazvin and Karaj, report that they saw Russian tanks halted by the roadside, apparently engaged in the move to the north-west from Karaj. The column had halted for a meal.

Soviet troops which were stationed at a check post two miles south of Karaj, 20 miles north-west of Tehran and the nearest point to the Persian capital occupied by Russian troops, have been withdrawn.

Soviet guards at all railway stations and tunnels, along a stretch of about ten miles from Ghammar, 75 miles east of Tehran, to Firuzkuh, have been replaced by Persians.—Reuter.

## Inside Facts Of Pacific Sub. War

WASHINGTON MARCH 27.

THIS IS A STORY THE JAPANESE WOULD HAVE GIVEN A FORTUNE TO HEAR — THE INSIDE FACTS ABOUT HOW THE U.S. NAVY RAN THE "WOLF PACK" SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN WHICH HELPED DRAIN THE LIFE OUT OF JAPAN'S WAR MACHINE.

IT WAS A GIGANTIC NAVAL VICTORY, BUT UNTIL THE WAR WAS OVER IT COULD BE MENTIONED ONLY IN THE TERRESTRIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS OF SINKINGS THE UTMOST SECRECY WAS ESSENTIAL TO ITS SUCCESS.

Only recently has the public been informed as to the magnitude of the war which for more than three years was waged under the sea. Now the strategy and tactics of that war can be explained in detail.

No sooner had the Japs attacked Pearl Harbor than the navy lunged at the enemy with the only American weapons then available for offensive action — submarines.

At first the subs ranged the entire Pacific Ocean, with orders to execute "unrestricted submarine warfare," sinking Japanese vessels on sight the way the Japanese and Germans were sinking our ships. This order was part of the over-all war plan prepared before the outbreak of hostilities.

**Torpedo Told**  
"Wolf-pack" operations began in 1944. These attacks by submarines working as a team had long been planned, but until enough craft were available the submariners had to content themselves with solo operations.

When the Japanese were driven from their bases in the southwest and central Pacific, they had to draw in their communication lines until the only route left to them was west of the Ryukyu Islands and the Philippines.

When our submarines were able to concentrate their attacks in that restricted area, they took a terrific toll.

The Japanese increased the escort for their convoys, improved their sonar and radar for the detection of undersea attackers and bolstered the air cover of convoys by using land-based planes all along their route.

But the U.S. Navy improved too and steadily raised the monthly totals of sinkings. In October, 1944, the Japs had their worst month of the submarine war, 117 of their ships being sunk.

Development of the electric torpedo, which leaves no wake and so cannot be easily detected, made underwater attacks more deadly. The greatest scientific improvement, however, was in radar, which not only helped submarines to navigate and to track their prey, but also gave them a means of knowing when danger was near.

**Night Attacks**  
This made it possible to vastly improve the technique of

# CANNIBALISM NO CRIME Not An Offence In English Law Discovery In Trial Of Japs

Sydney, March 27.

In the English Criminal Code, eating a man was no crime. Army legal officers discovered this when they were asked to confirm a death sentence passed by an Australian War Crimes Court on a Jap cannibal.

In the law books, there was no precedent; never before in British legal history had a man been charged with cannibalism.

The death sentence had been passed on First-Lieutenant Takehiko Tazaki, a brutal soldier-savage who had feasted on the flesh of an Australian soldier killed in action.

But despite his conviction under the Federal Parliament's War Crimes Act of 1945, Tazaki could not hang, said legal experts. Tazaki's plea that he had been starving, was driven to cannibalism by sheer necessity, had to be listened to.

So his death sentence was commuted to five years' jail with hard labour. To Sydney Senior Crown Prosecutor, King's Counsel T. S. Crawford the criminal aspect of the case was interesting, the punishment surprisingly light.

**Offence Against Decency**  
Said Crawford, K.C.: "Although there is no specific section of any Crimes Act in English Law dealing with the consumption of human flesh, the act is so repulsive to civilized humanity it calls for severe punishment."

"The Criminal Code deals only with offences that are part of civilized society. But anyone committing such a disgusting act as cannibalism would not escape punishment because Common Law covers all offences against public decency."

"Where preceded by killing, eating of the human flesh is not unknown to English law. In such cases, the almost overwhelming temptation of starvation has not saved the accused from conviction for murder."

At Exeter Assizes in 1884 the master and mate of the yacht Mironette were sentenced to hanging for murdering and eating a 17-year-old cabin boy named Parker.

**Four Men Eaten**  
For 21 days the three men had been cast away in an open boat after their ship foundered in a storm 1,000 miles off Cape of Good Hope.

Desperate with hunger, the mate had taken his knife, plunged it into the boy's throat as he lay helpless in the bottom of the boat, ravenously devoured his flesh.

Brutal, unscrupulous, convict Albert Pierce was transported to Hobart as a youth, was later transferred to Macquarie Harbour for crimes as a convict.

With seven others he stole a boat and escaped by sea. When food ran out he started plotting murder and frightened off three of the party who returned to Macquarie Harbour rather than be eaten.

One by one the other four were killed and eaten. Pierce, reached Derwent safely. No one guessed he had eaten his comrades' corpses.

But several months later he made another break, again became hungry, killed, and ate, his companions.

This time he surrendered, confessed to the murders and cannibalism, was hanged at Hobart.

## Dr. Evatt On The Soviet-Iran Issue

Canberra, March 27.

Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister for External Affairs, replying to the international affairs debate in the House of Representatives to-day, said: "I ask for no special treatment for Soviet Russia but urge that it should be accorded the same treatment as wartime partners."

"Her case is entitled to the fullest consideration and investigation — her contribution to the overthrow of Nazism demands this."

"The worst catastrophe which could befall the world at present would be to find that suddenly there was an unbridgeable chasm between the Soviet and Eastern Europe on the one hand and Western Europe and the United States on the other."

"For that reason I have drawn particular attention to the need for the fullest use of the machinery of the United Nations. There can be no impartial investigation, if necessary on the spot, of all facts involved. The United Nations machinery should not be used as the means of putting this or that nation in the dock or securing a quick debating point. It should be used with the sense of full responsibility in an endeavour between men of goodwill to ascertain all facts and devise long term solutions of international differences, based on law and justice."

"Whatever the United Nations Organisation may do, it is essential to guard the security of the South-west Pacific. In defence, there must be the closest cooperation, not only with the United Kingdom and New Zealand, but with our other peace-loving Pacific neighbours, especially the United States, which, in a period of supreme necessity, helped us first to hold this country and then move to the offensive."

**New Guinea**  
"No agreement to bring New Guinea under the United Nations Trusteeship System will be considered appropriate by the Australian Government that does not designate Australia as the exclusive administering authority in the territory, which should be administered as an integral portion of Australia under Australian law."

"The Trusteeship System permits fortification and designation of strategic areas. This debate has confirmed the claim that Australia's standing and prestige in international affairs has never been as high."

"The separate influence of Australia and other Dominions, far from detracting from the influence of the United Kingdom and the British Commonwealth, adds greatly to that influence, particularly in the matters of principle in which there is a strong common agreement."

**WALLPAPER TO REFLECT HEAT**  
The need for fuel economy in Britain has inspired the invention of heat-reflecting wallpaper.

This paper, which is now on sale, reflects the heat of an electric fire instead of absorbing it like "heavy" wallpaper, thus making a room to be warmed in a third of the time usually taken.

The new paper is decorated with metal decorations preventing heat being lost. The inventor is Miss Miriam Grimes, a research worker for the British Electrical Research Association. She says the same heat-reflecting effect can be obtained by covering walls with thin three layers of aluminium paint or ordinary wall paper. Other brands cost 1/11 a square yard.

## Ashore Off Deal

Deal, March 27.

A Swedish ship went aground on the Baldwin Sands five miles east of Deal yesterday. The Walmer lifeboat was launched at 2 p.m. in answer to calls from the ship.

Visibility was restricted to two miles and nothing could be seen of the stranded vessel from the shore.—Associated Press.

## Churchill Back Home

Southampton, Mar. 27.

Mr. Winston Churchill, former British Prime Minister, who has been visiting the United States, arrived here to-night with Mrs. Churchill and his daughter, Mrs. Sarah Oliver, in the liner "Queen Mary" from New York.

Mr. Churchill arrived in New York on Jan. 14 and after a stay at Miami, Florida, visited President Truman.

Asked here to-night to comment on the mixed reactions in the United States to his speech at Fulton University, Missouri, Mr. Winston Churchill declared: "I thought there would not be unity but I was quite sure it would be all right."

Asked whether he wished to see a definite military alliance between the United States and Britain, he said: "I have dealt with all that."

"I want us to go on as we are — only more so."

Questioned about the possible publication of his war memoirs,

## DEAF WILL 'HEAR' WITH THEIR EYES

New York, March 27.

An instrument which enables the totally deaf to "hear with their eyes" was demonstrated recently in New York by the Bell Telephone Laboratories.

A man "born deaf, and until recently unable to speak clearly, because he had no conception of how words sound, held a rapid fire conversation with members of the audience."

He gained this proficiency in a few short months by using the visual speech mechanism in co-operation with an instructor.

His lesson began with simple sounds like "E-E-E" and "O-O-O-O-O."

These elementary sounds of speech appear on a screen, somewhat as in television, and take the form of a single band of fluorescent light.

Like a Tree  
When spoken quickly, however, "E-E-E" and "O-O-O-O-O" merge to form the word "Tree," and the combination looks curiously like a palm tree blowing against the wind. Other words take other distinctive shapes.

In building a working vocabulary, the deaf person merely experiments under the guidance of the instructor until the screen image of his speech sound matches that of the instructor.

Although the new device has not yet reached the state of development where it can be placed on the market for the benefit of schools for the deaf and similar institutions, every effort is being made to reduce the laboratory design to commercial form.

**Roosevelt To Enter Politics**

Washington, March 27.

Col. James Roosevelt, a son of the late President, has announced that he intends taking an active part in politics.

He said, however, that he would not be a candidate for the Congressional elections this year.

It is believed the Democratic Party will become the Federal Party and the Republican Party will become the Conservative Party.

Col. Roosevelt works as a reporter at the New York headquarters of an independent citizens committee of arts, sciences and professions of which he is a director.

He was interviewed while the president of the trustees of the committee (Frederic March) and the chairman (Jo Davidson).

March is a film star and Davidson a sculptor.

Asked if he thought President Truman had failed his voters to carry out the policies and programme of President Roosevelt, Col. Roosevelt said he thought he had in the institution he had put forward and supported, but he was disappointed in his leadership as he had failed to keep the institution carried.

**SWEDISH HOUSE UP IN SEVEN HOURS**

Stockholm, March 27.

At nine a.m. one day there was a bare plot of snow-covered ground on the outskirts of Stockholm. Seven hours later, on the same spot, stood a house complete with roof, front door, radiators and glass windows—Sweden's prefabricated wooden "Portal."

This rapid building feat was witnessed by Sir Victor Mallet, British Minister in Stockholm, and members of the British delegation negotiating the possible purchase of tens of thousands of houses.

These Swedish houses are built in some dozen or more different models, with one or two stories. The simplest and one specially approximating the type which the British delegation have in mind, is a single-story ribbed wooden house, built on a concrete foundation, with the roof and painted with two good coats of cream-coloured oil paint.

**COST \$900**  
The woman occupier was cooking a dinner on a four-burner gas stove in a 12 ft. kitchen, which has three roomy cupboards, a refrigerator and two wash-basins with a pressed-steel sink. The living-room, 10 ft. by 10 ft., is light and airy.

The walls, complete wooden planking, a layer of cardboard, a two-inch cavity filled in with sawdust and shavings, another layer of cardboard, and then two-inch planking cut in ribbed panels to make the interior of the house more decorative.

There is a good, roomy hall, two large bedrooms, one for parents and one for children. The family eats at a table in one corner of the kitchen. Downstairs in the cellar there is a boiler-room, a laundry-room, with bathtub in the corner, and a small larder.

It was such a house as this that a team of 15 men erected in seven hours. It costs about \$900.

NAAFI PRESENTS  
ENSA ENTERTAINMENTS FOR H.M. FORCES

AT  
ENSA STAR THEATRE  
"CHINESE CRACKERS"

NIGHTLY AT 7.30 P.M.

ROTARY CLUB OF HONG KONG  
A CHARITY SUPPER DANCE

WILL BE HELD  
AT THE

HONGKONG HOTEL  
FIRST FLOOR

AT 8.00 P.M. ON SATURDAY, 30TH MARCH

Dancing to the Strains of the Famous

"Marineers" Band

FLOOR SHOW—ITEMS FROM REPERTOIRE OF

"Chinese Crackers"

(BY KIND PERMISSION OF ENSA)

ALSO—DANCES BY MISS PASCOE

Accompanied by MR. MICHAEL BODER

(By Courtesy of the Parisian Grill)

SONGS BY ALAN WYLD

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Tickets \$20 each—now obtainable at the Hong Kong Hotel.

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# QUEEN'S

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ATOMIC BOMB SECRET STILL HOLD!  
ITS SECRET WAS ALMOST STOLEN

**BEHIND THESE DOORS**

The Amazing Drama Behind the Protection of the Atomic Bomb!

**THE HOUSE ON 92<sup>ND</sup> STREET**

with  
**WILLIAM EYTHE · LLOYD NOLAN**  
**SIGNE HASSO**

Directed by HENRY HATHAWAY Produced by LOUIS ROCHENONT  
A 20th Century-Fox Film

THIS FILM WAS NOT PERMITTED TO BE SHOWN UNTIL THE DROPPING OF THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB ON JAPAN!  
WITH THE COMPLETE CO-OPERATION OF THE F.B.I. PRODUCED IN SECRECY! BEHIND CLOSED DOORS!

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### GINGER ROGERS and RAY MILLAND

**The Major and the Minor**

RAY MILLAND  
GINGER ROGERS

A Paramount Picture with Rita Johnson · Robert Benchley · Diana Lynn · Directed by Billy Wilder  
Written by Charles Brackett and Billy Wilder

## LEE THEATRE

TOWN BOOKING OFFICE  
W. HARRING & CO., ALEXANDRA BLDG., GR. FL.  
BETWEEN 11 A.M. & 5 P.M. DAILY

**HUMPHREY BOGART**  
Star of 'Casablanca' in  
**SAHARA**

with BRUCE BENNETT · J. CARROLL NASH · LLOYD BRIDGES · A COLUMBIA PICTURE  
Screen Play by John Howard Lawson and Zoltan Korda Directed by ZOLTAN KORDA

# JAPS REALIZING IT NOW Aware Of Their Crushing Defeat Jump To Crack Of The Whip

(BY RUSSEL BRINES)

TOKYO, MARCH 27.

THE REALIZATION OF DEFEAT HAS BEEN IMPRESSED ON THE JAPANESE HEAVILY AND IN VARIOUS WAYS DURING THE PAST SIX MONTHS. THE REACTIONS ARE EQUALLY VARIED.

AMERICAN OFFICERS ARE CONVINCED THAT ONLY A RELATIVELY SMALL SEGMENT OF THE POPULATION HAS FAILED TO UNDERSTAND THE CRUSHING EXTENT OF THAT DEFEAT. THESE PRINCIPALLY ARE REPATRIATES FROM AREAS WHERE JAPANESE ARMS STILL WERE TRIUMPHANT AT THE TIME OF THE SURRENDER.

## RICHER TOMB THAN "TUT"'S

London, March 26.  
A French archaeologist, Professor Montet, is reported to have discovered a new tomb, richer than Tufankhamen's, near Tanis (Egypt).

No tomb has ever been found in the Tanis region before, and British archaeologists say the discovery opens up the possibility of unearthing an entirely new collection.

The site of the discovery is hundreds of miles from other famous burial grounds.

The only other great discovery in Lower Egypt was the finding in 1799 of a strangely carved piece of basalt in the Nile town of Rosetta, by a French officer in Napoleon's invading army.

This Rosetta Stone, as it is now called, was perhaps the greatest archaeological find ever known, because it was inscribed with a decree of Ptolemy V in both Egyptian hieroglyphics and Greek, and enabled Champollion in 1821 finally to solve and decipher hieroglyphics.

The Rosetta Stone is now in the British Museum.

## Illegal Entry Foiled

Tel Aviv, Mar. 27.  
A Jewish casualty, gravely wounded in what was termed a "diversionary incident" to cover the landing of 240 Jewish immigrants yesterday, died in hospital, an official communiqué reported.

A Jewish patrol fired at suspicious persons, who fired back at the patrol and took cover in a house in the extreme north of Tel Aviv. It was thought that this section might possibly have been originally intended for the illegal landing. The landing was intercepted, the communiqué added.

A police mobile force car was held up and fired upon, the communiqué said.

Some 240 illegal immigrants, mostly from Hungary, Poland and Yugoslavia, who were captured on Monday night inside Palestine territorial waters by the British destroyer "Chevron," were disembarked at Haifa yesterday.—Associated Press.

## BRITISH ROAD DEATHS SCANDAL

London, March 27.  
The Government is taking steps to kill carelessness on the roads. Mr. F. Lodge (Labour), speaking on the Government's proposed measures to attain safety on the roads, said that the average daily casualties caused by enemy bombs in Britain were 29 killed and 40 seriously injured. Through road accidents the average daily casualties were 16 killed and 100 seriously injured.

"A child is killed or injured every 12 minutes of the daylight hours," he declared. Such figures were a scandal and blur on our civilisation, he added.—Reuter.

## Penicillin To Cure Trench Mouth Cases

New York, March 27.  
The U.S. Naval medical bulletin announces a new use of penicillin, to cure trench mouth, and to cure it quickly. In 400 cases tried there has not been one failure.

The penicillin is given like candy, in lozenges, which are allowed to dissolve in the mouth. The trench mouth victim keeps a lozenge, one after another, in his mouth all day and takes one if he wakes up at night.

The report is by Lt. Lucian W. Strong, Jr. and Capt. Errol W. Willett, both of the U.S. Naval reserve.

Trench mouth is one of the troublesome diseases of war and is widespread in peace. It keeps men from eating normally, and often causes nervous depression.

Some cases have been cleared up by past treatments promptly, but many have persisted for long periods, and occasionally have failed to get well. The old treatment has been various drugs to wash the mouth, including the use of boric acid, and sometimes surgery to remove pockets of infection.

In 48 Hours

The penicillin lozenges do the job without other side effects, except to start with a penicillin allergy, and the lozenges are given on the theory that they will keep the saliva saturated with the drug. The treatment main-

tenance and use of factories for reparations among other things have cracked the whip in terms fully understood. Officials now await American guidance before taking major steps.—Associated Press.

## EXAGGERATED REPORTS

Yokohama, Mar. 26.  
Colonel J. P. Kaylor, 8th Army intelligence officer, declared today that reports of Japanese anti-occupation movements in Hokkaido were "grossly exaggerated" and the sole incidents are scattered Japanese protests against fraternization on the islands.

Intelligence reports do not substantiate the stories by a British correspondent that the Japanese population is rising against the troops of the 11th Airborne Division, Kaylor said.

He added: "Reports reaching us through G-2 channels indicate there are no alarming occupation incidents on Hokkaido."

He referred to stories published by the "News of the World" from correspondent A. Noyes-Thomas, dated that posters were displayed publicly calling upon the population to arm itself against troops.

Kaylor said that such posters were reported by G-2 officers several days before and resulted from some scattered incidents involving United States soldiers and Japanese women. He added that the 11th Airborne intelligence officers reported that the posters were few in number and very crudely made.—Associated Press.

## Britain To Nationalise Steel

London, March 27.  
The Cabinet Committee has recommended the nationalisation of the British iron and steel industry, according to leading London newspapers to-day, including the "Financial Times."

The recommendation has yet to go before the whole Cabinet, but is expected to be approved. The Committee's decision was made in its understanding, after examination of a report submitted by the Iron and Steel Federation regarding reorganisation of the iron and steel industry, which has long been high on the list of those which the Labour Party wishes to take over speedily.

A fight may ensue over the issue of nationalisation after the full Cabinet has decided to accept its committee's recommendation.—Reuter.

## "Eye" Sees 15 Miles In The Dark

Cleveland (Ohio), Mar. 27.  
A wonderful new light, and an infrared "eye" that can see 15 miles away in the dark are among latest inventions revealed.

Western Union Telegraph Company has disclosed the secret war invention of the new "electric light" with a flame smaller than a pin-point but several times brighter than tungsten filament.

It will project a picture on a screen from five to ten times brighter than the average.

It can be used for developing photographs and also permits of greater magnification with microscopes.

Chemists at the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, have invented an "infrared eye" which can see in the dark for a distance of 10 to 15 miles.

It may have countless uses ranging from a burglar and fire alarm to a weapon against cancer.

The device is known as a super-conducting bolometer. It receives rays from infrared sources, which are everything warm in relation to the surrounding.

Thus, a body can be identified in darkness, the warm spots showing white.—Associated Press.

## MR. GIMSON LEAVES

London, Mar. 27.  
After three and a half years' interment in Hong Kong, Mr. F. C. Gimson is returning to Singapore as Governor-designate.

His left, 2,000, Doherty, by British Overseas Airways Corporation flying boat to-day.—Reuter.

## BRIDGE NOTES

"Don't put all your eggs in one basket," runs the old maxim, and Bridge players do well to keep it in mind.

For example:  
South, Dealer  
East-West vulnerable

S. 8 5  
H. Q 6 2  
D. J 10 9 8  
C. 8 5 4

N. 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2  
W. 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2  
E. 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2  
S. 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2

The bidding:  
South 1D. West Pass North 2D. East Pass  
South 3D. West Pass North 4D. East Pass

South thought long about opening with a two-bid, but finally decided that there was not likely to be a game unless his partner could muster up some sort of response. And North did manage to find a bid with his marginal assortment of cards, although a pass would ordinarily be a better choice.

West opened the lack of hearts and South noted that he was bound to lose one club and either one or two spades. The contract, he decided at first glance, would depend on which opponent held the spade Ace. If East had it, the contract would be made; but otherwise he would lose two spades tricks and go down one trick.

But then he saw another basket in which to put some of his eggs. He ruffed the opening lead with an honour, led the Ace and then a small trump, and returned a club from the dummy.

East naturally played a low club, and so did South.

West returned another heart, and South ruffed again. Then he cashed the Ace and King of clubs. And when all the clubs fell, South was able to lead his last club and discard one of dummy's spades. This limited the loss to one club and one spade, allowing South to make a difficult contract.

Yesterday you were Howard Schenken's partner and with neither side vulnerable, you held:

S. A Q J 8 6  
H. K J 8 6  
D. J  
C. K 10 5

The bidding:  
Major You Jacoby Schenken  
1H. 1S. Pass 2C. 2D. 3C. Pass  
Dbl. (7)

ANSWER: Pass You have not overbid your hand, can contribute valuable stoppers in hearts, and perhaps the Jack of diamonds will be useful. You are very nearly sure enough of your ground to redouble.

Score 100 per cent for pass, 70 per cent for redouble, 20 per cent for four clubs.

To-day you are Oswald Jacoby's partner and, with neither side vulnerable, you hold:

S. 10 7  
H. A 9  
D. Q 10 5 3  
C. A Q J 7 4

The bidding:  
Major Jacoby Schenken You  
1H. 1S. Pass 2C. 2D. 3C. Pass  
Dbl. (7)

What do you bid? (Answer To-morrow)

INDONESIA PURGE

Batavia, Mar. 27.  
An Indonesian nationalist "purge" of elements threatening the authority of the Sjahrir administration brought nine arrests yesterday, including three members of the original Soekarno Cabinet.

The former Communications Minister was reported to be among those arrested.—Associated Press.

World May Be Freed From Fever Scourge

London, March 27.  
Experiments being conducted by a team of scientists in East Africa may result in the whole world being freed from the fear of malaria and yellow fever.

These scientists, led by Mr. C. B. Symes (medical entomologist) and Dr. W. H. Hargrave (Imperial College of Science), are intensifying the D.D.T. war against mosquitoes.

Spraying from the air has also been completely eliminated mosquitoes from many military camps. At a given time daily for several weeks, mosquitoes were counted at several houses. After spraying, 95 per cent of the pests had been killed.

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## KING'S

TO-DAY ONLY  
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

**PHYLLIS CALVERT**  
**JAMES MASON**  
**STEWART GRANGER**  
**FANNY BY GASLIGHT**  
**WILFRID LAWSON**  
Distributed by EAGLE-LION

TO-MORROW  
RONALD COLMAN  
GREER GARSON

## "RANDOM HARVEST"

M.G.M.'S ACADEMY  
AWARD WINNER!

## MAJESTIC

SHOWING TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.00, 7.00 & 9.00 p.m.  
THE RECORD BREAKING  
PICTURE IN MOTION  
PICTURE HISTORY

## "BATHING BEAUTY"

(IN TECHNICOLOR)  
Starring RED SKELTON  
ESTHER WILLIAMS  
M-G-M's Most Spectacular  
Water Carnival

## ORIENTAL

4 Shows: 2.30, 5.15, 7.15, 9.15  
FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY:  
GINGER ROGERS  
OARY GRANT

## "ONCE UPON A HONEYMOON"

An RKO Radio Picture  
COMMENCING TO-MORROW  
"IT'S A PLEASURE!"

## CATHAY

SHOWING TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.  
Paramount Presents  
"TILL WE MEET AGAIN"

Starring Ray Milland & Barbara Britton  
An American Soldier's Amazing  
Adventure in France



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INSERTION. FURTHER \$1  
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offices for Box Nos. 23, 33, 36,  
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for yourself such a magnificent  
collection of "pro-war made" ex-  
quisite carved teak-campor-  
lined chests as now shown by  
MODE ELITE, 22 Queen's Road  
Central. Also unpacked directly  
from Soochow "Finest" pure silk  
embroidered pyjamas, kimono  
etc. with "washable" embroideries.  
Seeing is believing!

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WHARF & GODOWN  
CO., LTD.

During the temporary absence  
from the Colony of the under-  
signed, Mr. James Moodie will  
act as Manager & Secretary of  
the Company.  
By Order of the Board of  
Directors.  
(Signed) C. E. TERRY,  
Manager & Secretary.

THE "STAR" FERRY  
COMPANY LIMITED

During the temporary absence  
from the Colony of the under-  
signed, Mr. James Moodie will  
act as Manager & Secretary of  
the Company.  
By Order of the Board of  
Directors.  
(Signed) C. E. TERRY,  
Manager & Secretary.

## HONG KONG CLUB

In view of the approaching  
resumption of activities of the  
Club, will resident members  
please register their names and  
addresses with the undersigned  
as soon as possible.

LOWE, BINGHAM &  
MATTHEWS.

Accountants,  
HONG KONG CLUB,  
Mercantile Bank Building,  
2nd Floor.  
Hong Kong, 26th March, 1946.

## HELENA MAY INSTITUTE

Would anyone having knowl-  
edge of the whereabouts of any  
of the records of the Institute,  
or possessing a copy of the  
Balance Sheet as at 31st  
December, 1940, please get in  
touch with the undersigned as  
soon as possible.

LOWE, BINGHAM &  
MATTHEWS.

Treasurers,  
HELENA MAY INSTITUTE,  
Mercantile Bank Building,  
2nd Floor.  
Hong Kong, 26th March, 1946.

## NOTICE

Will anybody possessing in-  
formation as to the whereabouts  
of:

MISS REBECCA JUDAH  
MISS RAMAH JUDAH  
MR. TUNKU ABDULLAH  
please communicate with the  
undersigned at the  
Secretariat, Civil Affairs Ad-  
ministration, C.S.O. Building,  
Lower Albert Road.  
The last known address of the  
Misses Judah was "The Den,"  
Carré Road, Hong Kong, and  
they were last heard of in 1941.  
Mr. Tunku Abdullah is the  
son of the Yang di-Pertuan  
Besar of Negri Sembilan and  
was last heard of in November,  
1945.

"Black Marketeers"  
Fill The Courts

Three cases of black market racketeering were heard before  
Mr. A. el Arculli at the Summary Military Court yester-  
day.

Lee Sing, 48, was charged with selling a tin of cheese  
at \$4.00 and failing to affix the price.

C.S.I. Fong said that at about  
4.45 p.m. on Tuesday he visited  
accused's firm at No. 7, Queen  
Victoria Street, and saw ten  
tins of Kraft cheese exposed for  
sale. He asked accused the  
price of the cheese, and the an-  
swer was \$4.00 per tin. Ac-  
cused was then charged accord-  
ingly.

A fine of \$400 or three months  
was imposed on the first count  
and a further \$100 or one  
month, hard labour on the  
second count. The cheese was  
ordered to be confiscated.

Lam Chan-shing, 30, hawker,  
was charged with selling mut-  
ton at \$1.00 per tin, and failed  
to affix the price. A fine of \$200  
or eight weeks' hard labour was  
imposed.

Suen Muk-chung was charged  
with failing to affix the selling  
price on the mutton at Bonham  
Strand West. Accused pleaded  
guilty and was fined \$50.

## More Profiteers

Four profiteers were sum-  
moned before Mr. W. H. Latimer  
in Kowloon for selling sugar and  
flour at sums higher than the

American Firms  
In China

Shanghai, March 27.  
American companies incorporat-  
ed under the China Trade Act  
will be able to carry on in China  
following a further revision of the  
impending China Company Law,  
according to the American-owned  
"Shanghai Evening Post."

The paper states that it has  
received letters from two leading  
figures in the Government bring-  
ing this assurance.  
One of these, from Dr. T. V.  
Soong, President of the Executive  
Yuan, said that the Government  
had acted "to enable the China  
Trade Act companies to continue  
to carry on."

The other letter, from Dr. Sun  
Fo, President of the Legislative  
Yuan, declared, in effect, that  
provisions in the new Company  
Law which may be regarded as  
discriminating against China  
Trade Act companies had been  
deleted.

The clause of the Company Law  
to which exception was strongly  
taken would have, as originally  
framed, automatically rendered  
China Trade Act companies ille-  
gal for further operation in  
China. It provided that a for-  
eign company doing business in  
China must also do business in  
its home country. This conflicted  
with the China Trade Act, which  
expressly provides that companies  
incorporated under the Act, can-  
not do business in the United  
States.—Reuter.

## NOTICE

Tenders are invited for the  
purchase of 300 No. Empty  
Drums of 45 Gallons Capacity  
and about 3 Tons of old Steel  
Wire Rope ranging from 3/16"  
to 2" dia.

Tender form can be obtained  
on application at Section VI of  
Naval Store Department, H.M.  
Dockyard between 9.30-11.30  
a.m. from 28th March to 1st  
April 1946 except Sunday, and  
should be returned in a sealed  
cover addressed to Supd. Naval  
Store Officer, H.M. Dockyard,  
Hong Kong on or before noon  
Wednesday the 3rd April 1946.

BRITISH MILITARY  
ADMINISTRATION  
HONG KONGPOLICE AND PRISONS  
BRANCE

## NOTICE

With effect from April 1st,  
1946, Lt. Col. L. A. Thomas  
will assume charge of the Police  
in Hong Kong Island with his  
office at Central Police Station  
Buildings, Tel. No. 39295.

Members of the public who  
wish to report to the police on  
matters affecting the Island of  
Hong Kong will avoid delay by  
applying to Lt. Col. Thomas in-  
stead of to the Commissioner of  
Police.

O. H. SAMSON,  
Commissioner of Police.  
Hong Kong, March 28, 1946.

Sino-French  
Incident

Paris, March 27.  
A new Franco-Chinese incident  
is reported by the French News  
Agency's special correspondent in  
Hanoi.

He states that two Chinese sol-  
diers, encouraged by an Indo-  
Chinese mob, attacked three  
French soldiers. Two of the  
French soldiers were wounded and  
one has not been found.

A French civilian, attempting to  
help his wounded compatriots,  
had his face slashed with a bayo-  
net.

The correspondent says that  
French soldiers are forbidden to  
carry arms in Hanoi city in order  
to avoid all clashes.

He emphasises that such in-  
cidents are due not to Annamite  
Nationalists but to Chinese sol-  
diers and hooligans.—Reuter.

## EXPORT CREDITS

Shanghai, March 27.  
Chinese export credits were  
granted credits of \$100,000,  
\$200,000 during the last four  
months by the Bank of China,  
it was announced.  
The funds will be used to  
boost exports primarily of  
bristles, tung oil and raw silk.  
—Associated Press.

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diers and hooligans.—Reuter.

## Agreement

Saigon, March 27.  
The French military spokes-  
man said here today that the  
Chinese have agreed "in principle"  
to evacuate Hue, the capital of  
Annam and also to evacuate the  
important coastal cities of Tour-  
ane and Vinh by March 30.

This will be the first with-  
drawal in which French troops  
will totally replace Chinese troops  
in an important city. Both Hanoi  
phone and Hanoi were under joint  
control of both French and Chinese  
troops.—Associated Press.

## SHIP EXHIBITION

London, Mar. 27.  
U.K. Shipbuilders are to hold a  
big London Exhibition next Janu-  
ary. It will aim first to show  
the enormous strides made by Bri-  
tain during the past few years in  
the science of ship construction  
and operations, second to show to  
the U.K. Public and overseas visi-  
tors what industry has been ac-  
complished in the past, during the  
war and plans for the future.

Fifty U.K. shipbuilding firms  
and 100 other firms, including  
20 shipowners, will take part in  
the exhibition.—London Press Ser-  
vice.

CHIANG GOING  
TO NANKING

Chungking, March 27.  
Generalissimo Chiang Kai-  
shek will go to Nanking  
around April 20, according to  
Chinese quarters here.

The Generalissimo is expect-  
ed to remain in Nanking until  
the closing of the National As-  
sembly which opens on May 5.

Whether or not he will sub-  
sequently make his projected  
trip to the United States and  
possibly to England, France and  
Russia, has not yet been fully  
decided upon. Indications here,  
however are that such a trip is  
on the cards.

If he does go abroad, the  
Generalissimo will be accom-  
panied by Madame Chiang. He  
specifically included her at re-  
cent press conferences in Chung-  
king at which he reiterated his  
desire, first expressed on Oct.  
15, to visit the United States.  
—Associated Press.

NO RICE FOR  
CHINA?

Chungking, March 27.  
The Chinese Food Minister, Mr.  
Hsu Kan, in the People's Political  
Council today, charged the U.N.-  
R.R.A. with sending fewer sup-  
plies to China than to Hong Kong  
and the British with not allow-  
ing Siamese rice to come to  
China.

The Minister said that the  
U.N.R.R.A. promised that in the  
first half of the year, China  
would have received 250,000 tons  
of rice and 500,000 tons of wheat  
and flour, but in January, the  
Minister declared, only 15,000  
tons of rice were available.

China has asked the Chinese  
Ambassador in Washington, Dr.  
Wei Tze-ming to buy 300,000  
sacks of flour in Canada and the  
United States, 200,000 tons of rice  
in Siam and 500,000 tons of  
wheat in Canada and the United  
States.—Reuter.

## INDUSTRY UNDERGROUND

Washington, March 27.  
Officials here said that the  
army and navy will study the po-  
ssibility of placing key American  
industrial plants underground as  
a means of defense against war-  
time bombing and sabotage.  
The undertaking was revealed  
in connection with the revival of  
the munitions board.—Associated  
Press.

More Of Wanchai Area  
Out Of Bounds

Additional areas in the Wanchai District have been placed  
"out of bounds" to Allied Services as the result of the  
Anti-V.D. campaign.

The areas affected are Gloucester  
Road, along the water front  
east of the Seamen's Institute,  
certain portions of Thompson and  
Luard Roads and several side  
streets near these roads.  
These areas house a large num-  
ber of mistresses and prostitutes  
and have been the source of much  
annoyance to the authorities.  
The decision to place these addi-  
tional areas out of bounds will be  
received with a mixed reception.  
The prostitutes will be greatly  
affected as they will have to find  
new and other grounds, and the  
many mushroom cafes, against  
whom the authorities have nothing  
will suffer a loss of business from  
servicemen.  
Some landlords will also find  
their revenue from rents less, as  
respectable tenants may not be  
prepared to pay the same high  
rentals.  
On the other hand the decision  
will result in more Chinese flats  
being available for residences and  
those at present residing there,  
will find the place more tolerable  
with the absence of prostitutes,  
rumps and their nocturnal clients.

## SPORTS SECTION

Australian In  
Oxford Eight

London, March 27.

Gosse, of Adelaide, who will  
be in the Cambridge eight  
against Oxford, was discharg-  
ed from the AIF in 1942 as  
medically unfit.

Gosse weighs 13st. 7lb., and is  
the heaviest in his crew, in  
which he is No. 6.  
He was studying engineering  
at Cambridge in 1939, and went  
to Australia when war broke  
out.

He went to the Middle East  
as a sapper in the Second 16th  
Field Company, in which he  
was a Lieutenant.

Gosse, now nearly 28 years  
old, developed stomach trouble,  
was discharged, and returned  
to Adelaide, where he worked  
for an engineering company till  
he again came to Cambridge.

He is accompanied by his  
wife, who is tackling the diffi-  
cult dual job of watching her  
husband's diet under rationing  
and writing a novel.

Their two-year-old son is in  
North Adelaide.  
Rowed For College  
Gosse rowed for St. Peter's  
College, Adelaide, in 1935-36-37.

## INDIAN CRICKET

Bombay, March 27.

The Nawab of Patnauli, well-  
known England and Worcester  
cricketer, who has been appointed  
captain of the Indian team to tour  
England this summer, said: "I  
would like to see a young team  
winning in Britain. The younger  
the better," he added.

Discussing the prospects of the  
tour, the Nawab said: "We will  
do our best to make it a grand  
success. With such players as  
Vijay Merchant, Mustaq Ali,  
Amar Nath, Bakara and others  
we cannot fail to do well."—  
Reuter.

and represented the college  
against Geelong.  
Last year he rowed for Cam-  
bridge Trinity Hall.

The last two Australians who  
rowed for Cambridge, in 1939-  
40 were John and Bill Turnbull,  
Victorians, both of whom were  
killed on war service.

He is a member of Leander  
Club, Henley, which is the  
world's most exclusive rowing  
club.

The Cambridge-Oxford race  
will be rowed on Saturday.

London, March 27.  
The following football games  
were played today: League  
North: Grimsby 4 Sunderland 1;  
Rugby Union: United Hospitals  
13 Dublin Hospitals 23.—Reuter

Twenty-Guinea  
Ringside Seat

London, March 27.

The forthcoming world light  
heavyweight title fight between  
Freddie Mills and Gus Leanevitch  
will probably be the richest box-  
ing gate in England for many  
years.

A special enclosure for 20  
guineas seats is to be provided for  
the contest, which is now almost  
certain to be staged in London on  
May 14.

Previously, the promoter, Jack  
Solomon, considered holding the  
fight in the open air. The cheap-  
est seats are ranging up to 20  
guineas. Solomon claims that  
these prices are not high, con-  
sidering present conditions. He  
points out that before the war  
ring-side seats for an average fight  
paid 25s. and in those days the  
entertainment tax was only 16  
per cent. To-day, it is three times  
as high—48 per cent.—Reuter.

## New York, Mar. 27.

The Oklahoma Aggies won  
the national collegiate athletic  
association basketball champion-  
ship, defeating North Carolina  
University, by 48 to 40.—Asso-  
ciated Press.

## JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; CO., LTD.



## SAILINGS

S.S. "TAKSANG" (NO PASSENGERS) To SWATOW 31st March  
S.S. "WINGSANG" To SHANGHAI 2 p.m. 2nd April  
(NO DECK PASSENGERS)

## ARRIVALS

S.S. "WINGSANG" From SWATOW 28th March  
(C.M.S.N. Wharf)  
S.S. "YUENSANG" From BANGKOK 31st March

## IN PORT

S.S. "TAKSANG" B.2  
S.S. "KWATSANG" Kowloon Dock

All the above Subject to Alteration without Notice.  
PASSENGERS ARE ADVISED TO REGISTER THEIR NAMES  
AS FAR AS POSSIBLE IN ADVANCE OF THE DATES UPON  
WHICH THEY INTEND TO LEAVE.

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## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

S.S. "HANYANG" SAILING TO SWATOW Noon 30th March  
S.S. "TSINAN" SAILING TO SHANGHAI 4 p.m. 5th April  
S.S. "KWEIYANG" SAILING TO SINGAPORE Noon 5th April  
Via Swatow and Amoy.  
S.S. "FOOCHOW" SAILING TO TIENTSIN 4 p.m. 5th April  
Via Shanghai and Northern Ports  
if sufficient inducement.  
S.S. "FATSHAN" SAILING TO CANTON 8.00 a.m. 30th March

Subject to alteration without notice.

For Freight and Saloon Passages all lines,  
please apply to:  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Cornwall Road, Central, Telephone 30381 (Private exchange).

For Passages other than Saloon to Swatow and Shanghai  
please apply to:

Messrs. NAM TAI  
127, Des Voeux Road, Central: Telephone 20116

For Passages other than Saloon by S.S. "FATSHAN,"  
please apply to:

THE CHINA TRAVEL SERVICE: Telephone 31116.

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

"Lycan" expected to arrive from U. K.  
via Straits mid-April.

For Passage and Freight Particulars,  
- apply to:-

## BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE, AGENTS

Telephone: 25875.



## The East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

of Copenhagen.

## OUTWARDS:

m.s. "Mongolia" due at Hongkong: about 4th April  
m.s. "Kina" due at Hongkong: middle of June

## HOMEWARDS:

## M.S. "MONGOLIA"

loading here second half of April

## for

Antwerp, Rotterdam, Copenhagen and probably  
Oslo, Gothenburg

For further particulars apply to:

## The East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

Queen's Bldg., 2nd Floor.

Tel. 34111 & 34112.

ORPHAN INHERITS  
FORTUNE

Greenwich (Florida), Mar. 27.  
A Florida woman who, 86 years  
ago, was a homeless orphan, has  
inherited an estate worth \$2,100,  
000.  
She is Mrs. Joseph Hale, of St.  
Petersburg, and she inherits the  
money from John Henry Fry,  
who died recently.  
Mrs. Hale was adopted from a  
foundling home in 1811 by Mrs.  
Fry, who, as Miss Georgia Tim-  
mer, was the heiress to the Tim-  
mer Roller Bearing Company.  
Mrs. Fry pre-deceased her hus-  
band.



